Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2023 to 2024 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school. **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Apley Wood Primary School
Number of pupils in school	413
Pupil Premium (% of the school)	24%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021 - 2024
Date this statement was published	October 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	Summer 2024
Statement authorised by	Ellen Smith
Pupil premium lead	Ellen Smith / Yvonne Thorpe
Governor / Trustee lead	Janette Harris

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£130,725
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£11,600
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	0
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£142,325

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

At Apley Wood Primary School we deliver an imaginative and inspiring curriculum with a focus on knowledge and skills to ensure our children understand the diversity of the world around us, their place within it and the skills they need to succeed. We offer a creative, challenging curriculum designed to 'feed the mind and free the imagination' for all pupils. We aim for all children to be ready for the next stage of their educational journey.

We want our disadvantaged pupils to make good progress and achieve age related expectations. We recognise that the impact of the pandemic and the current economic climate has led to an increase in anxiety, isolation and trauma for some pupils and their families. For the next academic year we will focus on addressing gaps and supporting well being through high quality teaching and focussed, measurable interventions, enriching the wider opportunities for our disadvantaged pupils and supporting pupil well-being.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Some pupils may not be working at an age related level and have gaps, misconceptions possibly caused by gaps in learning.
2	Some pupils have limited speech and language and early reading skills or do not read frequently.
3	Some pupils are not emotionally ready for learning or struggling with well being needs.
4	In some cases, consistent attendance, and punctuality.
5	In some cases, access to resources and wider life experiences.
6	In some cases, a lack of regular routines including home reading, spellings.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
To ensure classroom teaching is precise and of high quality to meet the needs of disadvantaged pupils so they make at least expected progress and meet or exceed national expectations. Interventions are focused on identified need and outcomes of intervention are measurable.	Pupils will meet or exceed age related na- tional expectations in reading, writing and maths. Disadvantaged pupils make at least expected progress. Support staff will support learning effectively. Governors are able to articulate the impact of the pp funding to address gaps in attainment and progress. Assessment data will show an improvement from national statistics Summer 2019 and in- ternal 2021 data following lockdown.
Phonics teaching is embedded within all lessons in Reception Year 1, and Year 2.	Yr1 pupils passing phonic screen will in- crease and be in line with national all pupils. PP pupils will read 2x per week.
To embed and sustain a reading culture across the whole school.	Reading attainment at KS1 and KS2 is at least in line with national
Pupils have access to high quality texts within guided reading. Guided reading texts are pitched appropriately.	
Extend pupil vocabulary	
Pupils are emotionally ready to access learning and progress of these pupils is in line with others.	Pupils are emotionally ready to access learning and progress of these pupils is in line with others.
Disadvantaged pupil attendance to improve and be in line with others. All Disadvantaged pupils will meet national expectations for attendance.	All disadvantaged pupils will match or exceed national averages for non disadvantaged pu- pils. The school will contact parents proactively if attendance slips. EWO support available. Parents will be supported with any anxiety about children returning to school in response to current pandemic/covid situation. Additional meetings to support Attendance targets and EHWB will be arranged with iden- tified
Pupils are exposed to a range of social, cultural and sporting experiences. School will deliver an engaging, broad and varied curriculum that develops pride and knowledge in the local area.	Pupils attend visits/events they would not normally be exposed to within and outside of the school day. PP participation in clubs/events increases be- yond 80% Disadvantaged pupils are encouraged to par- ticipate in sporting competitions by the sports coordinator. Governors are able to articulate the impact of the pp funding to improve wider opportunities for PP pupils.

	10 by 10 experiences will ensure that all pu- pils have opportunities to try new and varied activities and experiences.
Pupils will have opportunities in school to read, practise spellings and consolidate multiplication tables.	Disadvantage pupils' basic skills in reading, spelling and multiplication knowledge will im- prove and be in line with non disadvantaged pupils.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 4103

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Quality First Teaching for all pupils – previous year sum- mer term objectives deliv- ered, High quality feedback for all learners Interventions (1:1 and small group) – adapted half termly based on pupil progress needs/teacher assessments Half termly parental engage- ment through SEN reviews and additional identified dis- advantaged pupils.	The Sutton Trust found that 'the effects of high quality teaching are especially significant for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: over a school year, these pupils gain 1.5 years worth of learning with very effective teachers.' Meta analysis of research by John Hattie breaks down quality teaching into: Pupils having clear goals/objectives Teachers providing pupils with modelling/scaffolding/appropriate steps to achieve them.	1 - Gaps are identified and targeted teaching/interventions are put in place to address needs to improve attainment in Reading, Writing and maths in all year groups.
	EEF - Good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils	
	There is a strong evidence base showing the impact that high quality interventions can have on the outcomes of struggling students.:	
	 Intensive tuition in small groups is very effective Pupils are grouped according to specific level or need Pupils' needs are accurately assessed and targeted. 	

Regular feedback on basic errors in all subjects. Daily activities – spellings/times tables. Weekly GPS lessons. Maths – daily fluency 5 minutes every day. Word of the day activity.	EEF – Phonics approaches have been consistently found to be effective in supporting younger readers to master the basics of reading, with an average impact of an additional four months' progress. Research suggests that phonics is particularly beneficial for younger learners (4-7 year olds) as they begin to read. Teaching phonics is more effective on average than other approaches to early reading	2 - Rigorous basic skills approaches in place
Target Pupils heard read at least 2x per week. Talk Boost intervention in place for targeted pupils in KS1 and KS2.	EEF - Oral language interventions consistently show positive impact on learning with slightly larger effects for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds	
Daily phonics teaching and use of phonics throughout other subjects Rec – Year 2. Phonic teaching and interventions in Year 3 Early Reading champions to complete rigorous and timely monitoring RWInc CPD for all new staff or refresher training for current staff – ongoing through RWInc portal. Additional RWI resources and interventions for selected pupils	EEF - Phonics approaches have been consistently found to be effective in supporting younger readers to master the basics of reading, with an average impact of an additional four months' progress. Research suggests that phonics is particularly beneficial for younger learners (4-7 year olds) as they begin to read.	2 - Enhance provision for early reading.
Pupils will read at least 2x per week to an adult Pupils will practise on TT Rockstars at least once per week in Y3 and 4. reading volunteer for ppg/cic/plac pupils	Evidence indicates that one to one tuition can be effective, delivering approximately five additional months' progress on average.(EEF)	Pupils will have opportunities in school to read, practise spellings and consolidate multiplication tables.

Well being prioritised for pupils and staff through:	EEF - School-level approaches to developing a positive school ethos,	3,4,5
Embed the Outstanding Happy Wellbeing curriculum.	which also aim to support greater engagement in learning.	
Embed a range of EHWB in- terventions including Lego Therapy, Drawing and Talk- ing Therapy and ELSA.	Universal programmes which generally take place in the classroom with the whole class;	
Continue to embed the use of Calm Brain.	Improvements appear more likely when SEL approaches are embedded into routine educational practices and	
Smash Life lived experience CPD – re disadvantaged chil- dren	supported by professional development and training for staff. In addition, the implementation of the programme and the degree to which teachers are committed to the approach appear to be important.	

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £57, 952

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Talk boost speaking and listening intervention across the school.	 There is a strong evidence base showing the impact that high quality interventions can have on the outcomes of struggling students.: Intensive tuition in small groups is very effective Pupils are grouped according to specific level or need Pupils' needs are accurately assessed and targeted. EEF - Oral language interventions 	1 - Some pupils may not be working at an age related level and have gaps, misconceptions possibly caused by gaps in learning
	consistently show positive impact on learning with slightly larger	

	effects for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds This result has a very high security rating: 5 out of 5 on the EEF padlock scale.	
School led support - School Led teacher deliver small group lessons and inter- ventions in KS2. Regular multiplication table practice – TT Rockstars for Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6 pupils. Appropriate models and scaf- folds to support writing and maths. Year 6 and other targeted year groups - School staff to run af- ter school club intervention for disadvantaged pupils within their year group.	 Meta analysis of research by John Hattie breaks down quality teaching into: Pupils having clear goals/objectives Teachers providing pupils with modelling/scaffolding/appropriate steps to achieve them. EEF - Good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils There is a strong evidence base showing the impact that high quality interventions can have on the outcomes of struggling students.: Intensive tuition in small groups is very effective Pupils are grouped according to specific level or need 	1 -Some pupils may not be working at an age related level and have gaps, misconceptions possibly caused by gaps in learning
	 Pupils' needs are accurately assessed and targeted. 	

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £80,270

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
		4-
		Disadvantag

Early intervention by EWO and Inclusion mentor when absence is below 95%. – phone calls, texts Attendance rewards/certificates – star award Early Help Assessments	A number of PPG pupils have persistent absence. Addressing any attendance concerns is key to improving progress and attainment. NFER research: www.nfer.ac.uk/publications/PUPP01 www.gov.uk/government/organisations/depart ment-for-education/about/research	ed pupil attendance to improve and be in line with others.
PP pupils are funded for one extra curricular activity every half term. Identified pupils funded for breakfast club provision/after school hub. Residential visits are partially funded and school visits are funded. Outdoor and adventure learning is funded. 10 by 10 will ensure that all ppg pupils have opportunities to try new and varied experiences Arts and music activities for enrichment PPG pupils are given opportunity to participate in Active/sports events throughout the year.	EEF – studies of adventure learning interventions consistently show positive benefits on academic learning. EEF: <u>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk</u> /evidence-summaries/teaching-learning- toolkit/sports-participation/ <u>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk</u> /evidence-summaries/teaching-learning- toolkit/arts-participation/	5 - Pupils are exposed to a range of social, cultural and sporting experiences
Disadvantaged pupils receive additional support for emo- tional, health and well being needs through either school pastoral team or external agencies where applicable. PP pupils make at least expected progress. Calm Brain group and 1:1 support 1 to 1 emotional and well being support	Research tells us that families and parents are critical to pupils' attainment. Feinstein and Symons (1999) found that parental interest in their child's education was the single greatest predictor of age 16 achievement. Interventions which target social and emotional learning (SEL) seek to improve pupils' interaction with others and self- management of emotions, rather than focusing directly on the academic or cognitive elements of learning. SEL interventions might	3 - Pupils are emotionally ready to access learning and progress of these pupils is in line with others.

Circle of friends groups Lego therapy groups Drawing and Talking Therapy Parent support / Family learning link with local community centre Governors are able to articu- late the impact of the pp fund- ing to address social and emo- tional needs. Rainbow Room and EHWB support to be embedded SMASH LIFE support for a small number of KS2 pupils. (weekly) Sports coordinator to ensure all disadvantaged pupils have access to sporting events and extra curricular sporting clubs	focus on the ways in which students work with (and alongside) their peers, teachers, family or community. EEF foundation 2018 EEF - On average, SEL interventions have an identifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school. They also have an average overall impact of four months' additional progress on attainment. EEF – studies of adventure learning interventions consistently show positive benefits on academic learning. EEF: <u>https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk</u> /evidence-summaries/teaching-learning-	5 - Pupils are exposed to a range of social, cultural and sporting experiences
	toolkit/sports-participation/ https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk /evidence-summaries/teaching-learning- toolkit/arts-participation/	
Become an attachment aware school – self evaluation pro- cess and CPD for staff Whole school approach to so- cial and emotional learning and a behaviour policy applied with equity for disadvantaged pupils. All staff to review Crisis Development Model in line with behaviour policy. Smash Life lived experience CPD – re disadvantaged chil- dren	ARC case study - How can we use reflective practice and our growing awareness of attachment and trauma to best support our most vulnerable children? EEF - Improving Social and Emotional Learning in Primary Schools reviews the best available research to offer school leaders six practical recommendations to support good SEL for all children. It stresses this is especially important for children from disadvantaged backgrounds and other vulnerable groups, who, on average, have	3,4,5

weaker SEL skills at all ages than their better-	
off classmates.	

Total budgeted cost: £ 141,978

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023 academic year.

Attendance 2022-23

Year group	PPG	Non PPG
Rec	92.48	95.84
Year 1	94.01	95.21
Year 2	94.41	94.63
Year 3	91.92	96.17
Year 4	92.34	95.51
Year 5	93.52	95.83
Year 6	94.73	95.12

Overall Attendance for PPG children remained at 93.5%, which is above national the school EWO is now monitoring all children below 95% and specific year groups (Y1/Y4/Y5 for next academic year)

TAs received training from the Local Authority and PPG targeted interventions have been in place throughout the year.

NTP funding has been used to provide targeted interventions in years 3,4 and 5 across the course of the year in reading and maths supporting an increase in attainment for these pupils.

Phonics interventions support an improvement in attainment for Y1 disadvantaged pupils – see data below.

All PPG children were offered a free place at an after school club and by summer term 74% of PPG children were attending a sports club or accessing a sporting intervention or event. 78% of KS2 PPG children accessed this. A parenting course has taken place over the academic year. The percentage of PPG parents that attended was 70% of the identified group. This supported positive relationships around school for pupils and families.

The talk Boost intervention programme ran for several year KS1 and KS2 groups of children – 100% of children made good progress.

4 PPG pupils have accessed Play Therapy or Smash Life mentoring sessions in school over the last academic year, resulting in a good impact on emotional wellbeing and a reduction in behaviour incidents.

The Outstandingly Happy Programme (mental well being curriculum) has now been embedded within the Character Education PSHE programme to support wider development.

All children across the school are having access to musical instrument lessons. Years 4 - 6 children are accessing instrumental instruction through external specialists in addition to recorder lessons in school.

A basic skills approach has been in place in English and Maths and coordinators are seeing impact. Reading lessons have been reviewed and fluency remains a focus in maths. PPG reading in school has been a focus for teachers and the gap with ppg national at end of KS2 in reading has closed. There remains a small gap with non ppg pupils.

The Rainbow Room provision continued to run to help children who needed speech and language support – 50% of the children who access this provision are PPG. External agencies (the LSAT, learning support advisory teacher) evidences good practice.

2023 Early Years Good Level of Development	School	National
GLD (cohort) 60 pupils	70%	67.3%
Disadvantaged 10 pupils	50%	52.1%
SEND 5 pupils	20%	19.9%

School	National
87.5%	66.9%
25.0%	52.7%
	87.5%

2023 KS1 outcomes Disadvantaged pupils 15 pupils	RWM	R	W	М
School EXS %	33.3%	46.7%	40%	46.7%
National EXS%	40.2%	54%	44.5%	55.8%
School GDS %	0%	13.3%	0%	0%
National GDS%	2.3%	9.1%	3.3%	7.7%

2023 KS2 outcomes	RWM	R	W	М	GPS
Disadvantaged pupils 10 pupils					
School EXS %	40%	60%	50%	40%	60%
National EXS%	44.1%	60.2%	58.2%	58.9%	59%
School GDS %	10%	20%	20%	10%	20%
National GDS%	3.2%	17.5%	6.6%	12.8%	18.5%
Scaled score		101.5		100	101.9

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
Talk Boost KS1 and KS2	I Can
Music Resource	Charanga/Sing up
PSHE	PSHE association

Service pupil premium funding (optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	Interventions and boosters
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	Progress for these pupils was at least expected.